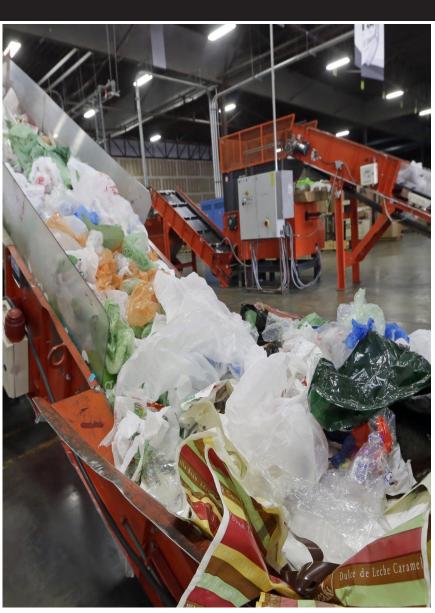


Research Newsletter



Research across the **CBLG**

What has been going on across the college?



Setting the scene: Single-use plastics, Bottom of the Pyramid and frugal innovation

Dr. Emiel Eijdenberg

the production, consumption and disposal of plastic environmental our everyday lives and as such, they can disaster. found just about everywhere including vast areas of our oceans Despite about are the countless number of production, Pyramid (BoP) areas such as in India. production across Ramya, & Varjani, 2019). The dioxins Federation of Indian

has been found to cause a range of illnesses such as neurological damage and impairs the development of reproductive systems (Kavlock, Boekelheide, Cunningham, Faustman, Foster, Golub, Henderson, Hinberg, Little, Seed, Shea, The industrialized world has seen an Tabacova, Tyl, Williams, & Zacharewski, 2002). If unmanaged the social, materials in recent years. The use of consequences would be wide felt and the plastic has become commonplace in catalyst for a long-term environmental

the potential health (Lebreton et al., 2018). Less spoken environmental risks associated with its annual global landfills, drains and choked rivers that consumption has reached over 320 affect millions of people in the socio- million tonnes with the last decade of use economic constrained Bottom of the being equal to the total amount of plastic human The toxic debris released from these (European Plastics, 2017). Of this, India plastics has the propensity to enter generates 25,940 tonnes of plastic waste food chains and micro bodies in the every day (Government of India, 2018). form of micro-plastics (Rajmohan, Another estimate put forward by the released from the plastic polymers Commerce and Industry, puts these contained within the plastic material numbers at 16.5 million tonnes of annual

of Commerce and Industry, 2017). A convenient, recycled at all because of the relevant innovations material (Miller, Soulliere, Sawyer- many improvized Beaulieu, Tseng, & Tam, 2014). These utensils, board games, forms of plastic are most cutlery). commonly used to make takeaway form the basis for environmental disasters in the future. unorganized plate production.

(Gartner, 1988)—are reduce organizations the value chain of plant-based plates as plastic materials. cutlery. BoP are not only consumers have "talented" entrepreneurs—striving to focusing and services with minimal resources information 2012; Karnani, 2007). In light of these 2012). However, despite the the "frugal innovation" phenomenon enterprises related to biomass-based

plastic use, 43% of it being single-use (Lim, Han, & Ito, 2013; Tiwari & Herstatt, plastic (Federation of Indian Chambers 2012). Frugal innovations are cheap, portable, substantial portion of this single-use economically and socially sustainable plastic figure refers to the class of products that provide improvized plastic known as Polypropylene (PP) solutions to local resource-constrained and Polystyrene (PS), which are either problems (Basu, Banerjee, & Sweeny, difficult to recycle or cannot be 2013; Rao, 2013). Examples of frugal are self-made material properties and/or the cost purifiers, to be used in slums; cell phone associated with the recovery of the chargers of dynamos on bicycles; and applications

cutlery and are not only the least Leaf plates or biomass-based single-use recyclable but also the most difficult to plates also referred to as disposables, trace and recover from a pile of have been a part of Indian culture since garbage, creating a situation that may Vedic times. They have been used at a potential variety of areas including serving food at home to community food services at The lack of India's waste management weddings, temples and during other infrastructure and awareness puts the rituals almost across the entire Indian country at higher risk of environmental continent. The leaf plate raw material, contamination and the need to have an the raw leaf is plucked from forests as a increasing number of landfill sites. non-timber forest produce and, hence, Given the environmental challenge are not grown for it. They are a byassociated with single-use plastics and product of the forest growth and, as nature of the example; we take the Siali leaf plate, production, this chapter presents an which is found in the Sal jungles in certain empirical assessment of India's single- parts of India. The process is highly labour use disposables economy and how it intensive, from plucking the leaves to can be transformed into a biomass- sewing them into shape and processing ecosystem. Such them into different shapes for a variety of developments would undoubtedly ease usage depending upon local requirement the environmental concerns that are and the innovation activities around the associated with traditional forms of leaf plate supply chain. Despite their labour-intensive nature, biodegradable qualities (Haider, Völker, Entrepreneurs—seen as the creators of Kramm, Landfester, & Wurm, 2019) help the environmental examined in their role of key actors in associated with traditional forms of

an alternative of single-use plastic Scholars, practitioners, and policymakers understood the concept and recipients of aid, but also innovation in various ways with studies predominantly generate new ideas, routines, products electronics, energy, finance, healthcare, and communication (George, McGahan, & Prabhu, 2012; technology (ICT) and transportation Hall, Matos, Sheehan, & Silvestre, sectors (Rao, 2013; Tiwari & Herstatt, characteristics, entrepreneurs in India importance of specific sectors such as have played a crucial role in mapping agriculture, the grassroots and social

businesses have received limited attention (Hossain, 2017, 2018).

limited settings and look forward to reporting those results.

Cairns

Townsville

Dr. Daniel Grainger

Arrow (1950) established a theoretical result widely known as Arrow's Impossibility Theorem (AIT). AIT states that no voting system exists that can arrive at a logically consistent ranking of candidates. By extension, AIT means that the ranking and valuation of complex social goods (CSGs) is not possible. The obvious problem with this is that, as a society, we rank and value social goods and projects every day. So are we wrong every day?

be We prove AIT is able circumvented in a two round deliberative process (Grainger & Stoeckl, 2019). This means that, in contrast to AIT, social ranking and valuation of CSGs is indeed possible. Our main departure from AIT is simple. Extend Arrow's model from 1 to 2 rounds. Specifically, using the same Arrow (1950) nomenclature, we prove that AIT still holds for a 1 round setup but can be circumvented with 2 rounds.

In AIT, it is as if each individual only announces their ranking preference to social benefactor who then generates a social preference list. Instead, our two round setup has a first round that generates an interim social preference list. The second round then allows individuals to revise their individual preference upon considering the interim social preference list. This is what we call "social learning" and is arguably the social interaction needed to circumvent AIT. Our theory was tested in a real world organization with participants facing the difficult task of ranking a set of CSG projects. A simple information market (Grainger, 2017) is utilized to generate the interim and final social preference list. We find that it is highly unlikely that this test agrees with our a priori theoretical predictions simply as a result of chance. We have since applied our research in other Mr. Emmanuel McCarthy

Climate-resilient economic development through community empowerment and sustainable city planning.

Community economic empowerment refers to the process of enabling the community (local, national, international) to gain better control over the factors that shape their Economic empowerment not improves productivity, and increases economic diversification and income equality, but also it is a core principle in underpinning healthy and smart cities, which in turn boost the process of economic growth. Furthermore, climate change adds another dimension to the process of economic growth development, and action on one should not ignore the influence or impact on the other. Accordingly, the aim of this research is to investigate the role of community empowerment and smart city planning in building a successful climateresilient economy.

Since global climate predictions are far from the local experience, the role of the local community is often missed when mapping the strengths of communitybased adaptation programs. While our national government is aligning with climate policies to produce climate resilient adaptation programs, there is an increased need for documentation of successful strategies at a local level. Since what we know about the successes of adaptation programs is largely based on the motivations of high SES groups such global companies and institutions, low SES groups are becoming the focus of this work.

Low SES groups are higher proportionate in tropical populations, which raises concern for their high vulnerabilities

other extreme weather events are practical interactive engagement in recovery effort and their current situation. economic accountability in the shifting economic climate itself should not be This research project drew it's inspiration communities. These are the real myopia in strategic decision making. guide these principles. Our knowledge reference smarter city planning is based on very 2014) limited data. The factors that have conversations models of how to reduce or at least future. This adapt to climate change.

Singapore

Dr. Malobi Mukherje

Strategic Reframing as a Multi-Level Process enabled with Scenario Research

Authors: Dr Malobi Mukherjee (JCU) with Prof Rafael Ramirez & Dr Richard Cuthbertson (University of Oxford).

amid climate change stressors. Their Tripsas 2012; Cornelissen and Werner, losses from floods, heat, cyclones and 2014). Scenario research is a rigorous and inquiry widely reported. The motivations for (Ramirez et al, 2015) which can be used to personal responsibility, community enable stakeholders to frame and reframe

ignored. Adaptation programs exist, from Cornelissen and Werner (2014) but work is needed in understanding invitation to explore how and under what practice of climate resilient conditions social interactions leading to economic development in vulnerable reframing can overcome micro level challenges for the climate aware In both the cases which we report here environment. Strong evaluations into (retail real estate company in China and the motivations of groups who have to retail trade body in the UK), we found that function in that context of climate will instead of reinforcing existing frames of to assess macro of community empowerment and uncertainties (Cornelissen and Werner, scenario research enabled which 'temporarily been working for these surviving displaced' frames of the present so that communities should serve as working they could be reconsidered from the 'time travel' facilitated deliberations where tacit and even counterintuitive uncomfortable knowledge became discussible. happens also in scenario planning, the scenario research workshops acted as transitional spaces (Lewin, 1947; Amado Ambrose, 2001) where the and participants could surface and without different framings creatively commitment to action (Ramirez Drevon, 2005). Furthermore, reframed meso level frames unfroze the quasi-equilibrium stability organization's role (Lewin, 1947) brought forth considerations for the adoption of new roles and provided a novel vision for

Strategic reframing enables individuals instigating and managing change (Gioia to challenge current assumptions and to and Chittipeddi, 1991).

think afresh about future possibilities, which matters when the context in The findings in this paper will help strategy equipped to understand opportunities macro increasingly uncertain environment characterized by novel and meso contexts i.e. the future scenarios. unprecedented changes (Benner and

operates becomes practitioners deploying scenario planning turbulent. Reframing matters because to reframe a situation by helping them to such an ability to dissociate from temporarily step out of the business as existing cognitive frames enables senior usual mindset by enabling them to engage executives in organizations to be better with uncertainties emanating from the level, revisiting the and challenges, prepare options, and assumptions of their businesses at the thereby more effectively cope in an micro level by re-perceiving business roles business in the imagined, reframed future macro-

CITBA

The Launch of CITBA Flagship



From left to right: Trang Nguyen, Silvia Tavares, Nikki Huddy, Jacob Wood, Taha Chaiechi, Emmanuel McCarthy

We are proud to announce that the first CITBA flagship was launched on 15 October. The flagship around the important topic of "Community Empowerment, Transformative Cities, And Building a Climate-Resilient Economy" was ideated early August 2019, and Expressions of Interest from researchers interested in collaborating on the flagship was sought end of August. Subsequently, a multi-disciplinary team with the necessary and appropriate range of skills and expertise was assembled in early September, and the flagship was formally launched on October. The launch of this flagship marks an important step for CITBA as the flagship team seeks to build a track record around the topic and apply for funding. We wish the team all the success in this significant journey.

CITBA MOU

Elevating entrepreneurship with a new collaboration



The Centre of International Trade and Business in Asia at James Cook University in Singapore and the Center for Entrepreneurship at Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam will work together on teaching, research and consultancy projects, primarily in the area of entrepreneurship.

On 22 October 2019, the Centre of International Trade and Business in Asia (CITBA) at James Cook University (JCU) in Singapore and the Center for Entrepreneurship at Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam (CFE@VU) signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU).

The MOU will bolster collaboration efforts on shared interests and objectives between the two universities. This includes working together on teaching, research, and consultancy projects in the areas of entrepreneurship, management, and international trade.

Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam has a storied 140-year history in the Netherlands. Amsterdam is home to one of Europe's largest innovation-driven entrepreneurship communities. Conversely, James Cook University in Singapore is located in Asia's high-tech, service-oriented, knowledge-driven hub. Dr Eijdenberg says, "Based on strong international trade and a nation's wide entrepreneurial spirit, the country has advanced in recent years to the world's most competitive

economy." He adds that "CITBA embraces this entrepreneurial spirit and brings together scholars and practitioners in the areas of international trade, economy policy and business in Asia's tropical regions, but also in other parts of the world."

Currently, Dr Eijdenberg and Professor Masurel collaboration with international colleagues — work together in four research projects about entrepreneurs in the regions. These projects examine, amongst other climate and entrepreneurship change in the world's tropical regions. For example, one project covers the influence environmental pollution drought on the satisfaction with life of entrepreneurs within Zambia's mining sector. As this relationship develops, future collaborations may shape in the form exchanging faculty for seminars, teaching subjects, and workshops.

UN@HABITATFOR A BETTER URBAN FUTURE

"URBAN DESIGN, ECONOMIC GROWTH, AND JOBS OF THE FUTURE IN THE TROPICS".

The campus was held in JCU Cairns, on 25-27 November 2019

A large number of community groups from academia, State High Schools, Cairns Regional Council, Department of Transport and Main Roads, Cairns Airport, business leaders, town planners, non-profit organisations, social enterprises, and other members of the public attended the Urban **Thinkers** Campus event organised by the Centre for International Trade and Business in Asia (CITBA). The event entitled "Urban Design, Economic Growth, and the Jobs of the Future in the Tropics" was part of the United Nation's Habitat program and it took place over three days between 25-27 Novembers

FEATURE

inclusive.

The event proved to be a catalyst to build consensus between participating constituencies for addressing urban and economic challenges in our city and proposing solutions to future challenges.

The event was the culmination of 9 months planning and preparation by a small army of people within CITBA, with special mention of and thanks to A/Prof Josephine Pryce, Dr Silvia Tavares, Ms Diana Castorina, Ms Trang Nguyen, Ms Jane Njaramba, Ms Dwi Sugiharti, Mr Andrew Dineen, Mr Emmanuel McCarthy, and Ms Suzie Pont for their generous contribution of time and expertise pre-during- and post-event.

Centre for International Trade and Business in Asia would also like to especially highlight the hard work of Dr Taha Chaiechi, the Australian Director of the Centre, for her continues engagement with the local community in the past several months in promoting the UN initiative in order to amplify the urban thinkers' movement here in the tropics.

Post-event reports and evaluations are in progress and more details will be released and shared with the colleagues in due course.

Speakers at the Urban Thinkers Campus included (but were not limited to):

- Dr Taha Chaiechi, Australian Director, Centre for International Trade and Business in Asia, James Cook University: "Planning on Future Sustainable Cities"
- Professor Liz Spencer, Head, Law, JCU, "Urban Thinkers: The Interdiciplinary Imperative"
- Cairns Regional Council , "CBD Activation"
- Mr Pat Flanagan, Market Lead Environment & Planning, Northern Australia: "Cairns 300/500"
- Ms Nikki Huddy, PLANZ Town Planning & PIA: "Shape of the City"
- Dr Silvia Tavares, TUDLab, College of Science and Engineering, JCU: "Innovative Urban Solutions and

Sustainable Communities"

- Dr Narayan Gopalkrishnan, Social Enterprise Network for the Tropics (SENT), JCU, "Addressing homelessness through social enterprise."
- Mr Brian Arnold, Aboriginal Development Benefits Trust (ADBT) "Empowering the Gulf through Business and Liveability"
- A/Prof Lawal Billa, University of Nottingham: "Flood Resilience and Urban Planning"
- Mr Greg Mews, Urban Synergies Group, "Right to the City"
- Urban design students: Smithfield State Highschool, "The City We Need"

CITBA on Social media:

Follow us on Twitter: @CITBA4

Connect with us on LinkedIn: CITBA James Cook University

"URBAN DESIGN, ECONOMIC GROWTH, AND JOBS OF THE FUTURE IN THE TROPICS",







FEATURE







STUDY BUSINESS | STUDY LAW | STUDY IT

Awards:

TropEco Award – Dr Taha Chaiechi -24th October



Congratulations to Dr Taha Chaiechi for Habitat amongst the others. bringing home two TropEco Awards this year. Taha is the winner of TropEco-Partnership and Engagement Award at JCU in 2019, and she also became Highly Commended in Trop-Eco Excellence Staff Award. Taha has demonstrated an extraordinary commitment to the 2030 Agenda, and its 17 Sustainable Development Goals.

She has acted as an ambassador for and a great advocate of promoting SDGs through her research, research profile, research activities, and engagement activities. She was the winner of TropEco Excellence Staff Award in 2018 and she was Highly Commended in Teaching & Learning category in 2018. Since her win in 2018, she has expanded her activities around SDGs significantly. For instance, her proposal to the United Nations, UN-Habitat program approved to hold an Urban Thinkers Campus (UTC) through CITBA in Cairns in Nov 2019. Urban Thinkers Campus is an exceptional model of engagement and is conceived as an open space for critical exchange between urban researchers, professionals, government authorities. Her event directly contributes to SDG8, SDG11, SDG13 and SDG17. With a particular focus on engagement and SDG 17, Taha started a genuine way to connect to local, national and international organisations. Taha has been successful gaining supports from different representatives of constituencies including but not limited to the Cairns Regional Council, Redlynch

State College, Smithefiled State Highschool, Mypathway, Sister City Partners, PLANZ Town Planning, Planning Institute of Australia (the only national organisation representing qualified urban and regional planners in Australia), Gutteridge Haskins & Davey Group (with 200+ offices in 14 countries), University of Nottingham, Regional Development Australia, Social Enterprise Network for the Tropics (SENT), Austrade , Urbang Synegy Aboriginal Development Benefit Trust (ABDT), the World Urban Campaign amongst, and the UN-

CBLG Research Committee Recognition Awards

Rationale: The Research Committee of the College seeks to encourage high quality research as well as valuing superior levels of productivity. Following the demise of the research incentive scheme some years ago, there are now no explicit College funds or incentives that encourage excellence in research. Accordingly, after several discussions about this topic, the College Research Committee has decided to put in place new Recognition rewards. There will be a certificate and a small incentive to mark the receipt of the award.

Eligibility: All staff, including adjunct staff and casual staff who use the name of the University on their publications, are eligible for the awards. Postgraduate students or recent graduates /alumni, either by themselves or with their supervisors, are also eligible for the awards. Again the designation of James Cook University must be on the published work.

Criteria: The Research Committee Recognition Awards will be given to eligible staff/students who:

- 1) produce one A* or A rated or equivalent research paper in the relevant calendar year. The paper must be published, or formally accepted for publication with a doi number or equivalent. If the paper is in press at the time of application and/or the researcher wishes to apply using a paper without the full reference details or doi numbers, then a letter from the editor accepting the must be provided. paper tentatively accepted but still in revision will not be eligible for the award. The A* and A journal rankings are those determined by the Australian Business Deans Council or other discipline quality criteria.
- produce 3 or more publications in the one calendar year in journals which are rated as B or C by the Australian Business Deans Council or equivalent discipline quality criteria.
- 3) produce 3 or more book chapters in the one calendar year in edited works from

quality publishers with ISBN recognition.

4) as a principal/chief investigator successfully receive external research funding for JCU of \$50,000 AUD or more in a calendar year.

Conference papers and papers in edited conference proceedings are not considered in this recognition scheme.

Multiple authors: Applications to meet any of the above criteria will be limited to papers or chapters with three or less authors. Where there are two or three JCU authors on the paper or book chapter, certificates of recognition will be given to all the relevant JCU authors but the small incentive will be shared.

Recognition: A modest financial incentive provided by the College will accompany the documentation of recognition. It is anticipated that this will be \$100 for researchers whose work meets criteria 1, 2 3, or 4. A researcher may apply for recognition in more than category, although a successful applicant will only be eligible for one \$100 award, with subsequent achievements receiving certificates of recognition.



Left to right: John Pearce, Dr. Rachel Hay, Dr. Jacob Wood (ADR CBLG), Prof. Philip Pearce, Dr. Diane Jarvis

An award presentation took place in the CBLG staffroom on the 28th of November. Many thanks to Belinda Wilson for organizing the wine and food.

The Winners

The award winners name is followed by the relevant selection criteria he/she is winning the award for.

Dr. Rachel Hay (3) produce 3 or more book chapters in the one calendar year in edited works from quality publishers with ISBN recognition.

Dr. Diane Jarvis (1) produce one A* or A rated or equivalent research paper in the relevant calendar year.

(4) as a principal/chief investigator successfully receive external research funding for JCU of \$50,000 AUD or more in a calendar year.

Dr. Huiping Zhang (1) produce one A* or A rated or equivalent research paper in the relevant calendar year.

Dao Nguyen (1) produce one A* or A rated or equivalent research paper in the relevant calendar year.

Dr. Gianna Moscardo (1) produce one A* or A rated or equivalent research

paper in the relevant calendar year.

(3) produce 3 or more book chapters in the one calendar year in edited works from quality publishers with ISBN recognition.

Prof. Philip Pearce (1) produce one A* or A rated or equivalent research paper in the relevant calendar year.

Dr. Leigh-Ann Onnis (3) produce 3 or more book chapters in the one calendar year in edited works from quality publishers with ISBN recognition.

John Pearce (3) produce 3 or more book chapters in the one calendar year in edited works from quality publishers with ISBN recognition.

Grants



Australian Research Council

Discovery projects

Activity	Timing
Release of Grant	8 October 2019
Guidelines	
Applications open	13 November
	2019
Request Not to	12 February
Assess close	2020
Applications close	26 February
	2020
Rejoinders	18 June 2020
	to 1 July 2020
Anticipated	Fourth Quarter
announcement	2020

Important dates that relate to eligibility:

- The grant commencement date for Discovery Projects grant opportunity for funding commencing in 2021 is 1 January 2021. This date is when grant funding may commence.
- The active project assessment date for Discovery Projects grant opportunity for funding commencing in 2021 is 1 July 2021. This date is used to consider project and application limits per named participant.

